

Hybrid Rendering System for Particle Collision Experimental Data Visualization

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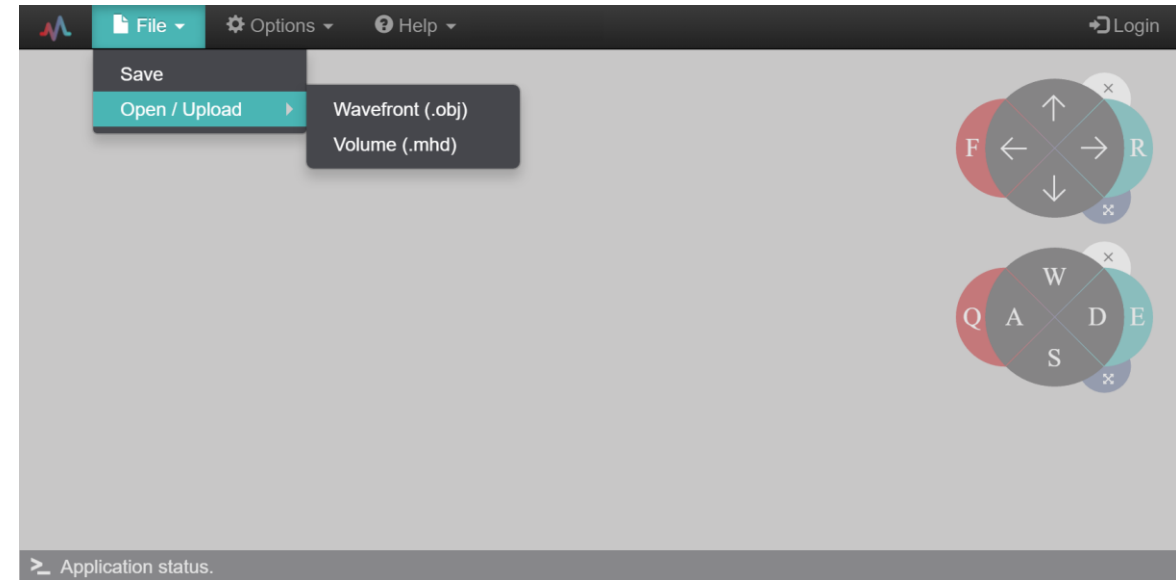
Naples – March 2018

Content

- Background;
- Problem Domains;
- Possible solutions;
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- Collaboration Options;
- Future Work;
- Conclusions;

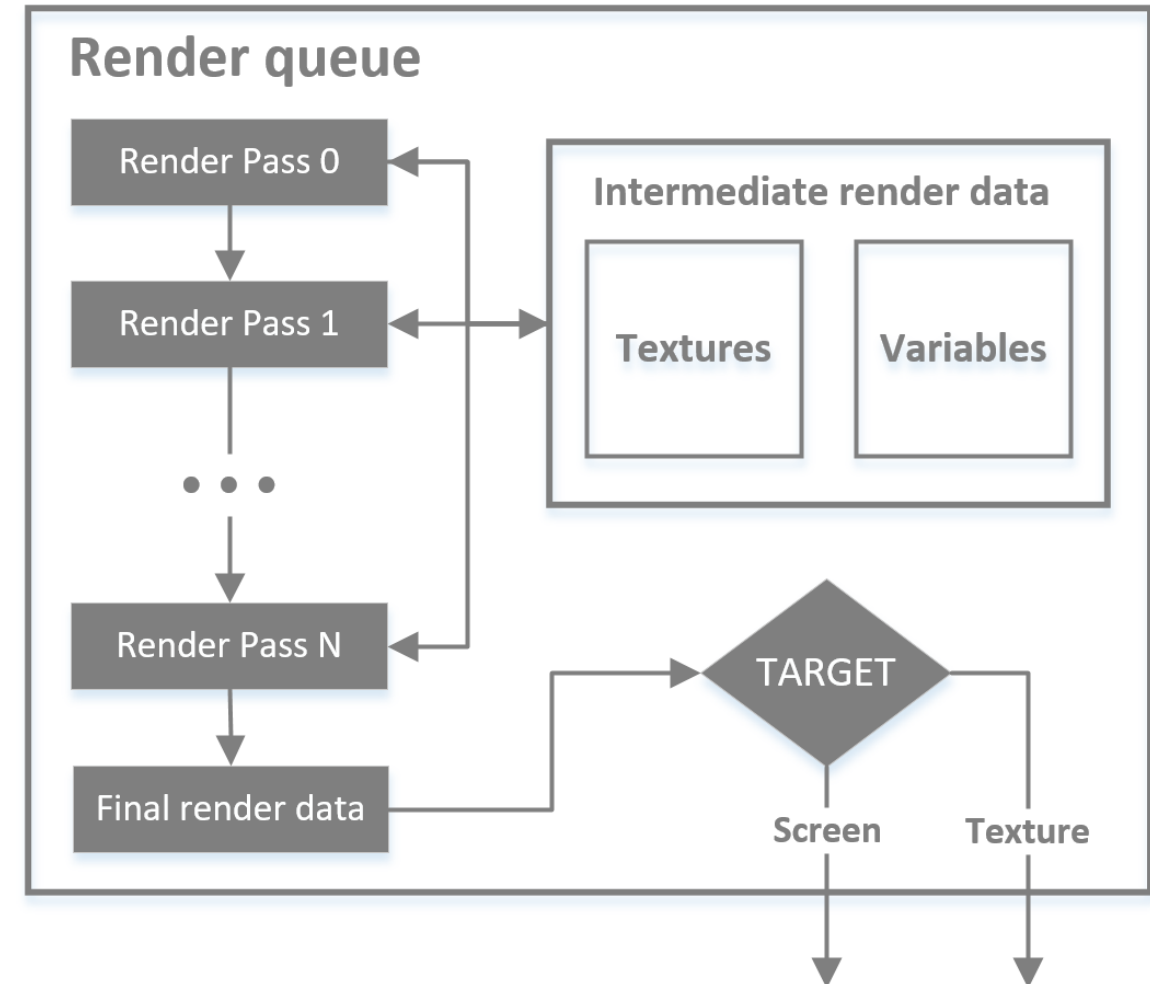
Background – Med3D

- Custom WebGL 2.0 based rendering pipeline;
- client-server oriented design (NodeJS);
- optional server-side data transformation;
- user annotations;
- user collaboration.



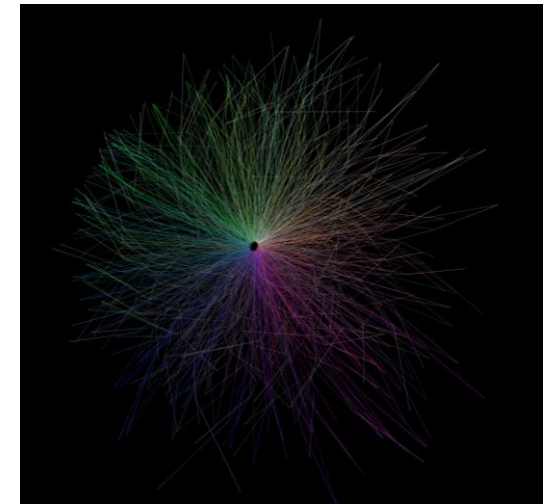
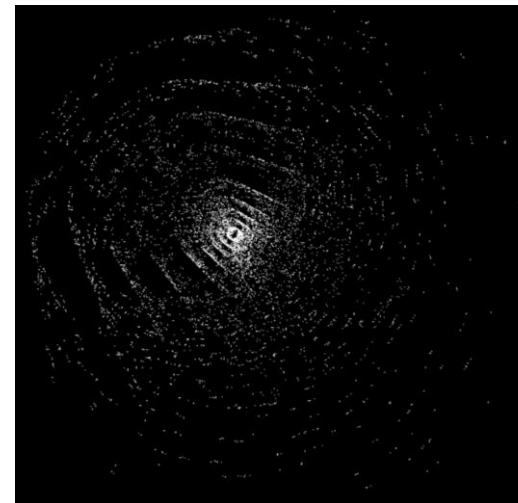
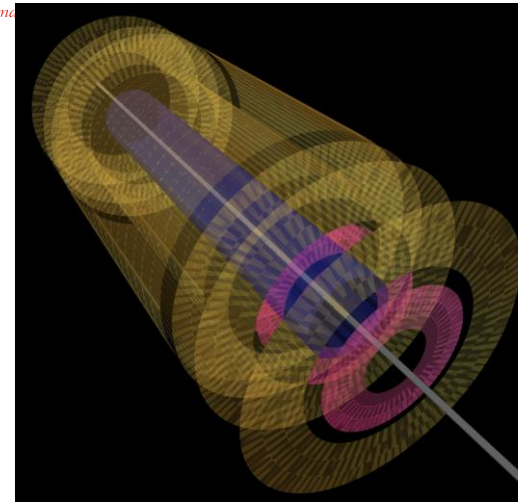
Background – Med3D - Custom pipeline

- Rendering pipeline designed based on deferred rendering pipeline;
- multi pass rendering support for option of combining multiple types of visualizations such as:
 - data rendering + view aligned annotations;
 - mesh rendering + direct volumetric rendering;
 - data rendering + flow visualization;
- option of customizing of scene rendering for individual user during sharing session;
- option for storing output images to single or multiple images.



Problem domain

- Rendering geometry:
 - rendering experiment geometry;
 - not such a big problem;
- Rendering lines:
 - current experiments: ~ 10k lines;
 - future experiments: ~ 200k lines;
- Rendering points:
 - current experiments: ~ 100k points;
 - future experiments: ~ 5M points.



Possible solutions

- Client-side rendering system:

- Pros:
 - high interactivity;
 - highly responsive;
 - possible off-line work.
- Cons:
 - high-end hardware for complex visualizations;
 - a lot of data transfer to user;
 - browser limitations.

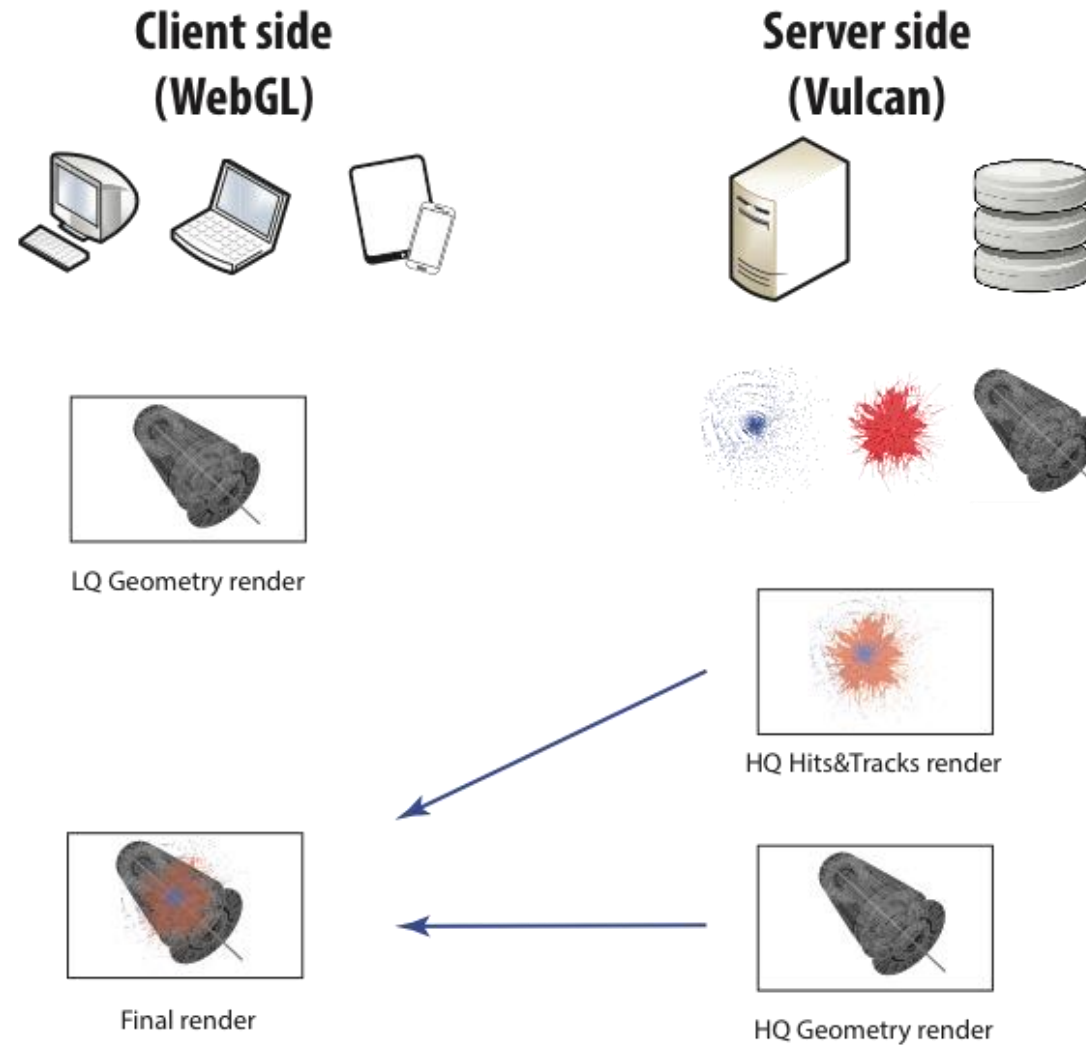
- Server-side rendering system (remote rendering):

- Pros:
 - low-end hardware on client side;
 - less data transfer;
 - possibility of data protection.
- Cons:
 - low interactivity;
 - response depends from network latency;
 - requires server-side system resources per user;
 - no off-line work.

Hybrid Rendering System

- Combining client-side and server-side rendering capabilities;
 - client-side rendering of basic geometry;
 - server-side rendering of complex geometry and event data (hits, trajectories, etc.);
 - high interactivity with basic geometry;
 - incremental rendering of more complex geometry and event data;
 - optional selection of where to render what data.
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- Pros:
 - low-end hardware on client side;
 - high interactivity;
 - less data transfer;
 - possibility of data protection.
 - Cons:
 - slower high-quality rendering;
 - requires server-side system resources per user;
 - browser limitations;
 - no off-line work.

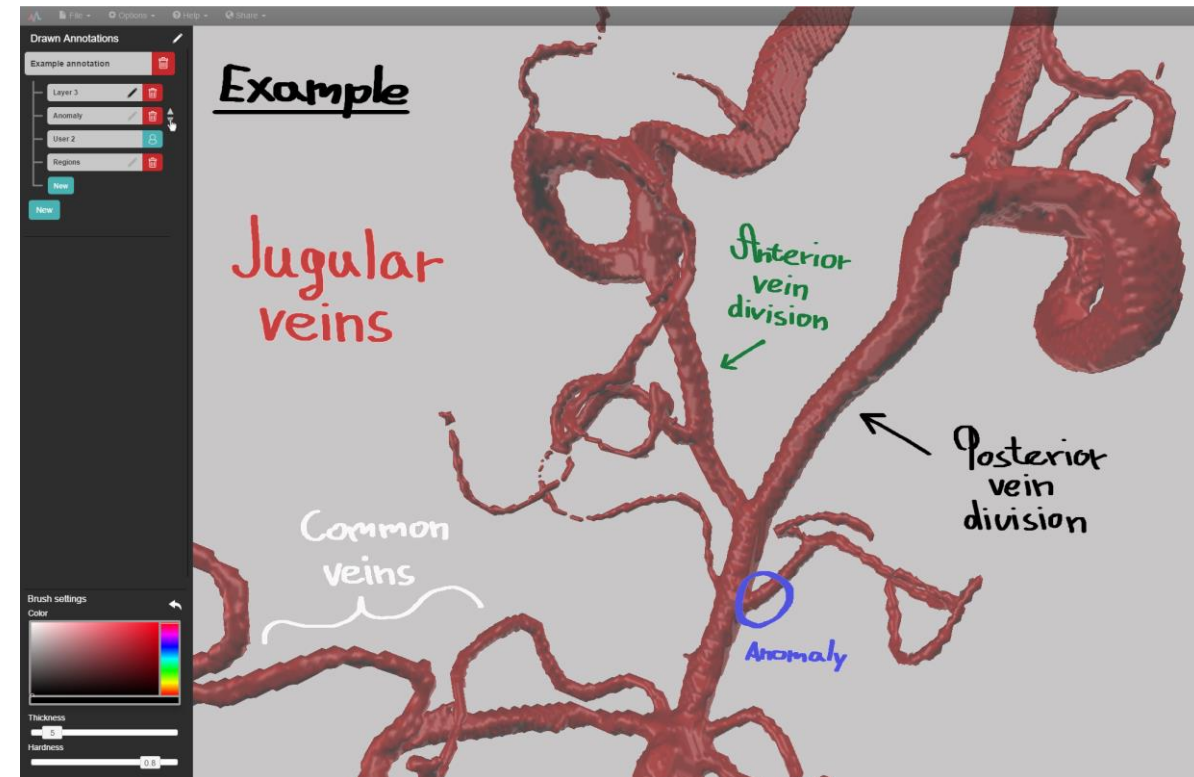
Hybrid Rendering System – Architecture



Collaboration Options – User annotations

two types of annotations:

- 3D location based annotations:
 - anchored to a specific point of interest on the model;
 - draggable in the view;
 - can be hidden or displayed;
- view aligned sketch based annotations:
 - aligned to a specific camera view;
 - multi-layered annotations;
 - user defined thickness, color and brush hardness.



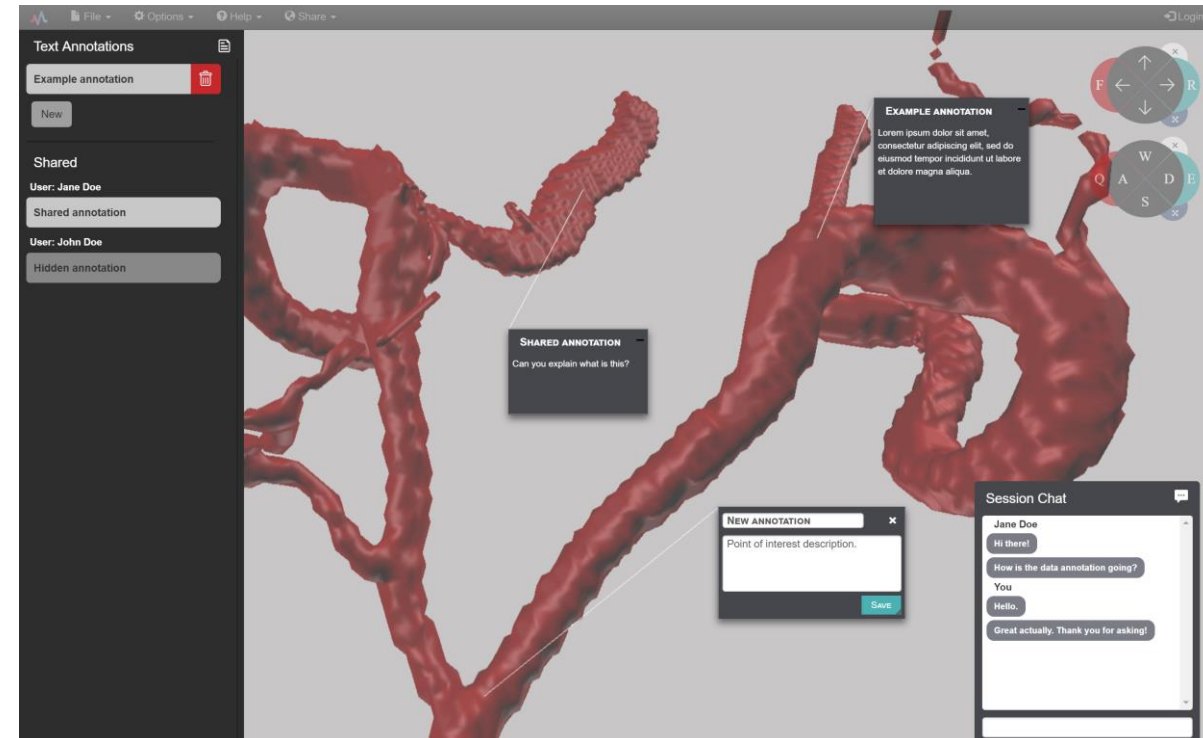
Collaboration Options – User collaboration

multiple modalities of user collaboration:

- text chat;
- data sharing;
- view sharing;
- annotation sharing.

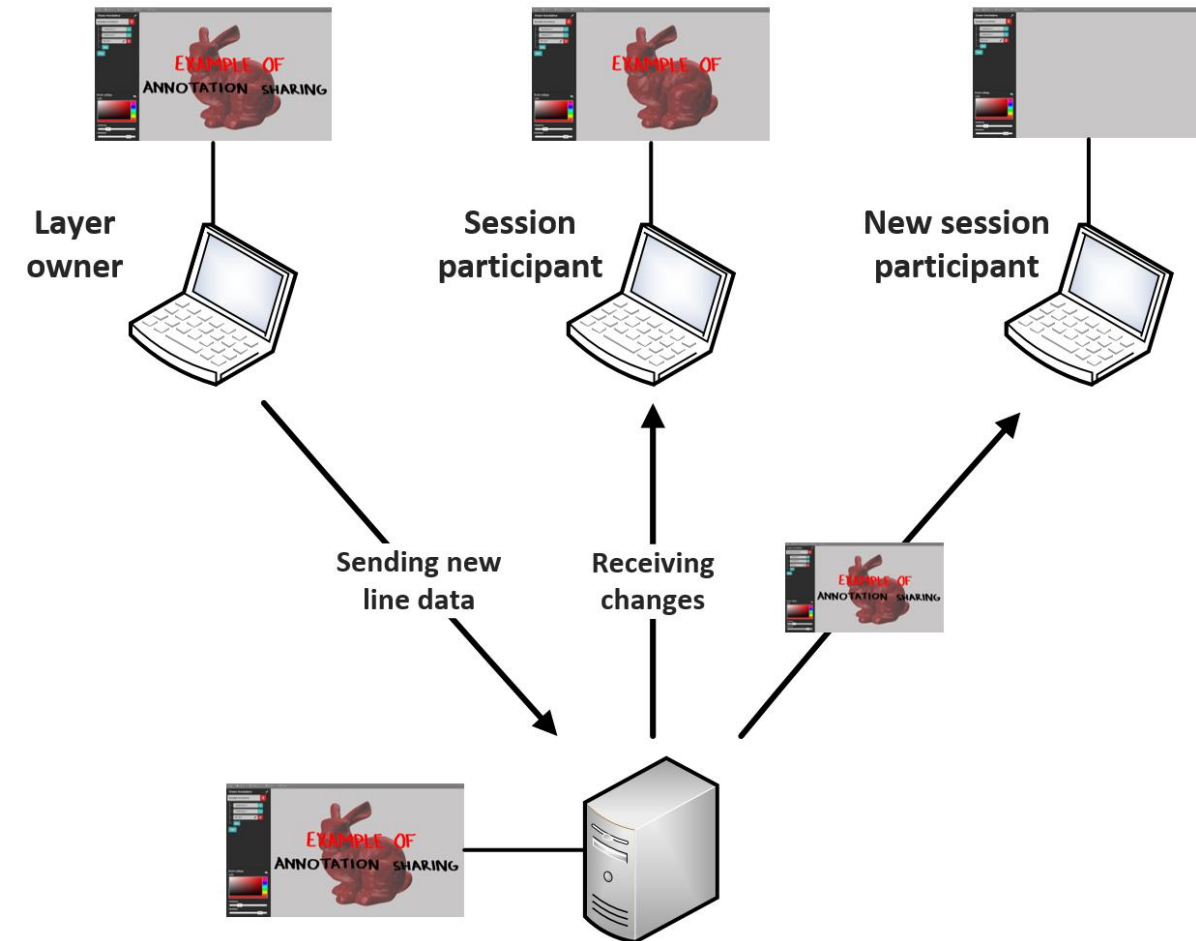
Med3D future plans:

- voice and video chat sharing;
- user management.



Collaboration Options – Sharing

- data can be stored at user's computer or on the server;
- collaboration is done through server:
 - the host sends scene description to the server;
 - the host can decide what to share (data, view, annotations or everything);
 - all the scene updates are sent to the server;
 - other users may connect to server at any point and get the current scene description;
 - all the updates are continuously sent to all the users.



Future work

- Use of physically based rendering techniques for visualizing the experiment geometry;
- use of complex visualization techniques for event data;
- support for different kinds of data;
- visualization of user uploaded data;
- scene properties saving;
- image saving;
- server side rendering jobs.

Conclusions

- Possibility of running visualization system on low-end devices (including mobile);
- less data transfer;
- option of high-quality rendering;
- offers high scalability.

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Questions?



Research proposal document.